

### **IMPORTANT**

Record your Regulator model number and serial number here for easy reference:

Model No.

Serial No.

Date of Purchase \_\_\_\_

When ordering parts or making inquiries about this Regulator, please mention the model and serial numbers.

MODELS: C62-A; C62-D

DIAPHRAGM BYPASS
PRESSURE REGULATING
VALVES

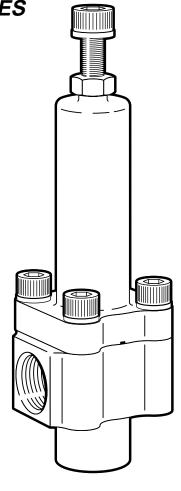


WANNER ENGINEERING, INC.

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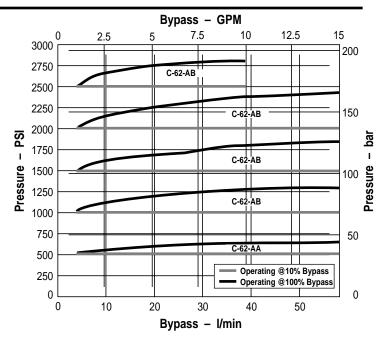


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## **C62-A/D Specifications**

Capacity	Maximum		Minimum	
	gpm	I/min	gpm	I/min
	14	53	1	3.8
Pressure R	ange Mod	lel Configurat	ion	
C62-	AA	DA	AB	DB
	psi	bar	psi	bar
	75-500	5-35	500-2500	35-172
Max Tempe	rature:	200°F (93°C)		
Inlet and O	utlet Ports	) <b>:</b>		
C62-AA/A	AB	3/4" NPT		
C62-DA/E	)B	3/4" BSPT		
Dimensions	s: (H x W x	( D)		
		8.6 x 2.7 x 2.3	3 in	
		(219 x 69 x 58	3 mm)	
Weight			·	
C62		4 lbs (1.8 kg		



### C62-A/D Installation

### Location

The bypass pressure regulating valve (Regulator) maintains a stable system pressure by changing the flow.

The Regulator prevents system pressure from exceeding a preset (adjustable) maximum. As the system approaches this maximum pressure, excess fluid is bypassed (to a supply tank, or back to the pump inlet). This prevents overpressurization and system failures.

Install the Regulator between the pump outlet and a shutoff device in the discharge plumbing. Appropriately sized, pressure-rated flexible hose is preferred.

### **Mounting Position**

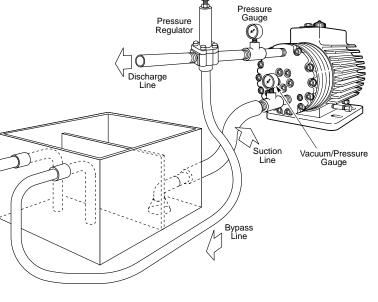
The preferred mounting position is vertical with the adjusting bolt at the top. This allows easy access when servicing the Regulator components.

to Tank

### **Connections**

When operated as a backpressure regulator, a secondary pressure relief valve should be installed and set to relieve when pressures exceed the operating maximum.

For best operation as a bypass valve, the bypass line should return to the supply tank. If you must plumb the bypass line back to the pump inlet, have it enter the inlet line as far from the pump as possible. Contact the pump manufacturer, as a pressure regulator may be required in the pump inlet.



The bypass or outlet lines should be as large as the ports of the regulating valve. Do not install shutoff valves or other restrictions.

Install a high-quality, industrial pressure gauge upstream from the valve to monitor system pressure. Failure to do so may result in overpressurization and premature failure of pumping system components.

If volatile fluids will be pumped, ground the valve with a #10-32 grounding screw (to discharge any accumulation of static electricity).

## **C62-A/D Valve Operation**

The locking nut (2) must be used when adjusting the Regulator and during operation as it is a spacer that prevents the bypass valve from being inadvertently locked shut.

### **Pressure Adjustment**

#### Systems with Shutoff Guns or Valves

- 1. Turn off system.
- 2. With a 10 mm allen wrench turn the adjusting bolt (1) counterclockwise until there is no longer any force on the spring in the Regulator.
- Be certain that the piping and all valves and nozzles are open.
   With an accurate pressure gauge installed upstream from the valve, start the system and let it run for a few minutes to remove any air.
- 4. With the air removed, turn the adjusting bolt clockwise until you reach the desired pressure.

### Do not exceed the maximum rated pressure of the pump or Regulator.

- Recheck the bypass pressure each time and readjust if necessary. Turn the adjusting bolt clockwise to increase or counterclockwise to reduce the pressure.
- 6. When both the pressure and the flow have been set, turn the lock nut (2) clockwise to secure the adjustment.

#### Systems without Shutoff Guns or Valves

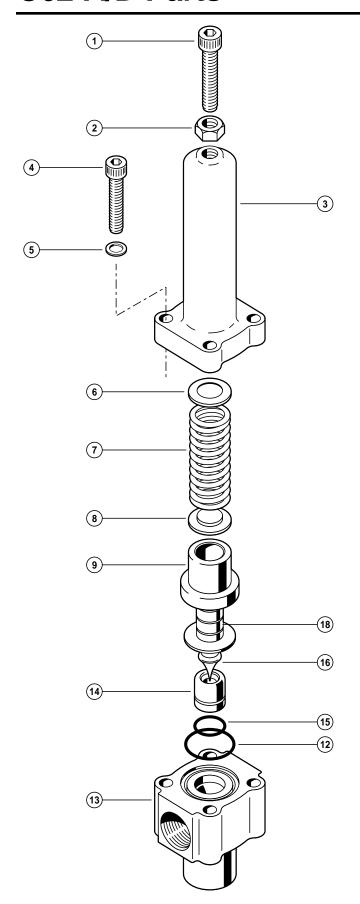
Note: When making this adjustment, you must be able to observe the amount of fluid being bypassed.

1. Turn off the system.

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- 2. Turn the adjusting bolt (1) counterclockwise until there is no longer any force on the spring in the Regulator.
- With an accurate pressure gauge installed upstream from the Regulator, start the system and let it run for a few minutes to remove any air.
- 4. Be certain all nozzles and orifices are open.
- When all air has been removed, begin turning the adjusting bolt clockwise until you reach the desired system pressure.
   Do not exceed the maximum rated pressure of the pump or the regulator.
- If the system discharge pressure is less than desired, check the pump speed and delivery and the size of the nozzle or orifice.
- 7. When both the pressure and the flow have been set, turn the lock nut (2) clockwise to secure the adjustment.

## C62-A/D Parts



Ref #	Part Number	Quantity/ Description Pump
1	C62-004-2010	Adjusting Bolt 1
2	C62-005-1000	Lock Nut 1
3	C62-003-1210	Valve Top1
4	G35-029-2010	M10 Socket Cap Screw 4
5	G25-048-2011	Lockwasher, hi-collar 4
6	C62-030-1000	Retainer, spring top 1
7	C62-018-3101 C62-018-3103	Spring, 75-500 psi; 5-35 bar
8	C62-029-1000	Plunger Guide, top1
9	C62-024-1210	Sleeve, guide 1
12	C62-011-2111 C62-011-2118	O-ring, Viton         1           O-ring, Teflon         1
13	C62-002-1000 C62-002-1002 C62-002-1017 C62-002-1006 C62-002-1004 C62-002-1018	Body, valve, brass, NPT
14	C62-006-1000 C62-006-1001 C62-006-1017	Seat, valve, 316 SST       1         Seat, valve, 17-4 PH SST       1         Seat, valve, Hastelloy C-276       1
15	D40-047-2111 D40-047-2118	O-ring, valve seat, Viton
16	C62-023-1200 C62-023-1203 C62-023-1217	Plunger Assembly, 316L SST
18	C62-025-1000	Plunger Guide 1
-	C62-022-2400	Name Plate (specify model and serial number)1
	A01-115-3400	Regulator Grease 1

## C62-A/D Troubleshooting and Maintenance

### **Troubleshooting**

### **Excess Pressure Required to Bypass Fluid**

- Regulator pressure not properly adjusted
- · Not enough fluid being continuously bypassed
- Nozzles worn

### Fluid Leaking from Hole in Regulator Top

· Worn Seals

### **System Losing Pressure**

- · Nozzles worn
- · Pump RPM reduced
- · Regulator pressure not properly adjusted
- Worn pump components
- · Worn Regulator seat or plunger
- · System drawing in air
- · Too much fluid being bypassed

#### **Pressure Spikes**

- Minimum bypass of 10% not being maintained
- Nozzles worn
- · Regulator pressure not properly adjusted

### **Visual Indicators of Malfunction**

If there is fluid coming from either weep hole (refer to drawing), then fluid is going around or through the diaphragms and the Regulator should be taken down for inspection.

If the gauge pressure has dropped significantly from the set pressure, everything else in the system being the same, the Regulator should be taken down for inspection.

# Disassembly and Internal Inspection

First shut off the pump. Then relieve system pressure until the gauge reads zero. Turn the adjusting bolt (1) counterclockwise until there is no force on the spring, allowing the pressurized fluid to leave the system.

When disassembling, use a marker pen to index orientation of guide sleeve (9), plunger assembly (16), and valve seat (14) if you intend to reuse them. Also, when removing the plunger assembly (16) from the valve body, the valve body o-ring (12) can adhere to the bottom diaphragm.

If this o-ring is Teflon, replace it with a new one prior to reassembly.

Remove the plunger assembly (16) from the guide sleeve (9), and inspect for excessive wear on the plunger guide O.D. (18), for grease in its grease grooves, and for wear on the I.D. of the guide sleeve (9). If the surfaces are rough or uneven, the parts should be replaced. Inspect the diaphragms for splits, cracks, abrasion or plastic deformation that would cause the diaphragms to flex unevenly or to permit pumped fluid to vent to atmosphere or to the back of the Regulator.

If the valve seat (14) needs to be removed for inspection or replacement, it is easier to detach the plumbing from the return (bypass) line, then push through the discharge port on the valve seat from below.

If the contact area on the valve seat (14) or the plunger assembly (16) have an uneven surface from physical contact or from passing fluid, they should both be replaced.

### Reassembly

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Apply Wanner Regulator Grease #A01-115-3400 to the grease grooves on the O.D. of the plunger guide (18). Slide the bolthead end of the plunger-and-guide assembly (16,18), into the back (small) end of the guide sleeve (9) and almost up to the diaphragms, then retract it. Remove all excess grease from under the diaphragms and from the back end of the guide sleeve.

Now slide the plunger-and-guide assembly (16,18), into the front (large) end of the guide sleeve, aligning the marker pen lines made when disassembling.

To reinstall the valve seat (14) into the valve body (13), check for and clean the pocket in the valve body of any foreign material that could prevent normal positioning of the valve seat. Apply grease to the valve seat o-ring (15), align the marks on the seat and body, and apply a uniform firm force to the top of the valve seat. It should slide gently into the body's counterbore.

Also, apply regulator grease to the bottom threads of the adjustment bolt. Be certain that the bottom of the guide sleeve and mating pilot counterbore in the body are clean and free of debris

Now align the combination of the plunger-and-guide assembly contained in the guide sleeve with the valve body. Follow with the top plunger guide (8), spring (7), spring top retainer (6), and valve top (3).

Get the four M10 cap screws (4,5) started, and torque alternately in an "X" pattern to 35 ft-lbs (48 N-m). When done, there should be 0.005-0.010 in (0.13-0.25 mm) clearance between the valve top and the valve body.

### **Limited Warranty**

Wanner Engineering, Inc. extends to the original purchaser of equipment manufacturerd by it and bearing its name, a limited one-year warranty from the date of purchase against defects in material or workmanship, provided that the equipment is installed and operated in accordance with the recommendations and instructions of Wanner Engineering, Inc. Wanner Engineering, Inc. will repair or replace, at its option, defective parts without charge if such parts are returned with transportation charges prepaid to Wanner Engineering, Inc., 1204 Chestnut Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55403.

This warranty does not cover:

- 1. The electric motors (if any), which are covered by the separate warranties of the manufacturers of these components.
- 2. Normal wear and/or damage caused by or related to abrasion, corrosion, abuse, negligence, accident, faulty installation or tampering in a manner which impairs normal operation.
- 3. Transportation costs.

This limited warranty is exclusive, and is in lieu of any other warranties (express or implied) including warranty of merchantability or warranty of fitness for a particular purpose and of any noncontractual liabilities including product liabilities based on negligence or strict liability. Every form of liability for direct, special, incidental or consequential damages or loss is expressly excluded and denied.



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